

# Some Remarks on Clockwise Oriented Sequences on Go-boards<sup>1</sup>

Adam Naumowicz  
University of Białystok

Robert Milewski  
University of Białystok

**Summary.** The main goal of this paper is to present alternative characterizations of clockwise oriented sequences on Go-boards.

MML Identifier: JORDAN1I.

WWW: <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol14/jordan1i.html>

The articles [22], [27], [12], [1], [3], [4], [2], [26], [13], [24], [21], [11], [20], [8], [9], [6], [25], [15], [10], [17], [23], [16], [5], [19], [18], [7], and [14] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

## 1. PRELIMINARIES

In this paper  $i, j, k, n$  are natural numbers.

We now state several propositions:

- (1) For all subsets  $A, B$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^n$  such that  $A$  is Bounded or  $B$  is Bounded holds  $A \cap B$  is Bounded.
- (2) For all subsets  $A, B$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^n$  such that  $A$  is not Bounded and  $B$  is Bounded holds  $A \setminus B$  is not Bounded.
- (3) For every compact connected non vertical non horizontal subset  $C$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$  holds  $(W_{\min}(\mathcal{L}(Cage(C, n)))) \leftrightarrow Cage(C, n) > 1$ .
- (4) For every compact connected non vertical non horizontal subset  $C$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$  holds  $(E_{\max}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(Cage(C, n)))) \leftrightarrow Cage(C, n) > 1$ .
- (5) For every compact connected non vertical non horizontal subset  $C$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$  holds  $(S_{\max}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(Cage(C, n)))) \leftrightarrow Cage(C, n) > 1$ .

## 2. ON BOUNDING POINTS OF CIRCULAR SEQUENCES

The following propositions are true:

- (6) Let  $f$  be a non constant standard special circular sequence and  $p$  be a point of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$ . If  $p \in \text{rng } f$ , then  $\text{leftcell}(f, p \leftrightarrow f) = \text{leftcell}(f \circlearrowleft p, 1)$ .
- (7) Let  $f$  be a non constant standard special circular sequence and  $p$  be a point of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$ . If  $p \in \text{rng } f$ , then  $\text{rightcell}(f, p \leftrightarrow f) = \text{rightcell}(f \circlearrowright p, 1)$ .

---

<sup>1</sup>This work has been partially supported by CALCULEMUS grant HPRN-CT-2000-00102.

- (8) For every compact connected non vertical non horizontal non empty subset  $C$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$  holds  $W_{\min}(C) \in \text{rightcell}(\text{Cage}(C, n) \circlearrowleft W_{\min}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(\text{Cage}(C, n))), 1)$ .
- (9) For every compact connected non vertical non horizontal non empty subset  $C$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$  holds  $E_{\max}(C) \in \text{rightcell}(\text{Cage}(C, n) \circlearrowleft E_{\max}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(\text{Cage}(C, n))), 1)$ .
- (10) For every compact connected non vertical non horizontal non empty subset  $C$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$  holds  $S_{\max}(C) \in \text{rightcell}(\text{Cage}(C, n) \circlearrowleft S_{\max}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(\text{Cage}(C, n))), 1)$ .

### 3. ON CLOCKWISE ORIENTED SEQUENCES

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (11) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $p$  be a point of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$ . If  $p_1 < W\text{-bound}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ , then  $p \in \text{LeftComp}(f)$ .
- (12) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $p$  be a point of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$ . If  $p_1 > E\text{-bound}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ , then  $p \in \text{LeftComp}(f)$ .
- (13) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $p$  be a point of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$ . If  $p_2 < S\text{-bound}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ , then  $p \in \text{LeftComp}(f)$ .
- (14) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $p$  be a point of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$ . If  $p_2 > N\text{-bound}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ , then  $p \in \text{LeftComp}(f)$ .
- (15) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $G$  be a Go-board. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$ . Let  $i, j, k$  be natural numbers. Suppose  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i + 1, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i + 1, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j)$ . Then  $j < \text{width } G$ .
- (16) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $G$  be a Go-board. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$ . Let  $i, j, k$  be natural numbers. Suppose  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i, j + 1 \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j + 1)$ . Then  $i < \text{len } G$ .
- (17) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $G$  be a Go-board. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$ . Let  $i, j, k$  be natural numbers. Suppose  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i + 1, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i + 1, j)$ . Then  $j > 1$ .
- (18) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $G$  be a Go-board. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$ . Let  $i, j, k$  be natural numbers. Suppose  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i, j + 1 \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j + 1)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j)$ . Then  $i > 1$ .
- (19) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $G$  be a Go-board. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$ . Let  $i, j, k$  be natural numbers. Suppose  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i + 1, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i + 1, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j)$ . Then  $(f_k)_2 \neq N\text{-bound}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ .
- (20) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $G$  be a Go-board. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$ . Let  $i, j, k$  be natural numbers. Suppose  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i, j + 1 \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j + 1)$ . Then  $(f_k)_1 \neq E\text{-bound}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ .
- (21) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $G$  be a Go-board. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$ . Let  $i, j, k$  be natural numbers. Suppose  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i + 1, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i + 1, j)$ . Then  $(f_k)_2 \neq S\text{-bound}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ .

- (22) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence and  $G$  be a Go-board. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$ . Let  $i, j, k$  be natural numbers. Suppose  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i, j+1 \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j+1)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j)$ . Then  $(f_k)_1 \neq W\text{-bound}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ .
- (23) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence,  $G$  be a Go-board, and  $k$  be a natural number. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$  and  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $f_k = W_{\min}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ . Then there exist natural numbers  $i, j$  such that  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i, j+1 \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j+1)$ .
- (24) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence,  $G$  be a Go-board, and  $k$  be a natural number. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$  and  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $f_k = N_{\min}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ . Then there exist natural numbers  $i, j$  such that  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i+1, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i+1, j)$ .
- (25) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence,  $G$  be a Go-board, and  $k$  be a natural number. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$  and  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $f_k = E_{\max}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ . Then there exist natural numbers  $i, j$  such that  $\langle i, j+1 \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i, j+1)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j)$ .
- (26) Let  $f$  be a clockwise oriented non constant standard special circular sequence,  $G$  be a Go-board, and  $k$  be a natural number. Suppose  $f$  is a sequence which elements belong to  $G$  and  $1 \leq k$  and  $k + 1 \leq \text{len } f$  and  $f_k = S_{\max}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ . Then there exist natural numbers  $i, j$  such that  $\langle i+1, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $\langle i, j \rangle \in$  the indices of  $G$  and  $f_k = G \circ (i+1, j)$  and  $f_{k+1} = G \circ (i, j)$ .
- (27) Let  $f$  be a non constant standard special circular sequence. Then  $f$  is clockwise oriented if and only if  $(f \odot W_{\min}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f)))_2 \in W_{\text{most}}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ .
- (28) Let  $f$  be a non constant standard special circular sequence. Then  $f$  is clockwise oriented if and only if  $(f \odot E_{\max}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f)))_2 \in E_{\text{most}}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ .
- (29) Let  $f$  be a non constant standard special circular sequence. Then  $f$  is clockwise oriented if and only if  $(f \odot S_{\max}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f)))_2 \in S_{\text{most}}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))$ .
- (30) Let  $C$  be a compact non vertical non horizontal non empty subset of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$  satisfying conditions of simple closed curve and  $p$  be a point of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$ . Suppose  $p_1 = \frac{W\text{-bound}(C)+E\text{-bound}(C)}{2}$  and  $i > 0$  and  $1 \leq k$  and  $k \leq \text{widthGauge}(C, i)$  and  $\text{Gauge}(C, i) \circ (\text{CenterGauge}(C, i), k) \in \text{UpperArc}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(\text{Cage}(C, i)))$  and  $p_2 = \sup(\text{proj}^2(\mathcal{L}(\text{Gauge}(C, 1) \circ (\text{CenterGauge}(C, 1), 1), \text{Gauge}(C, i) \circ (\text{CenterGauge}(C, i), k)) \cap \text{LowerArc}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(\text{Cage}(C, i)))))$ . Then there exists  $j$  such that  $1 \leq j$  and  $j \leq \text{widthGauge}(C, i)$  and  $p = \text{Gauge}(C, i) \circ (\text{CenterGauge}(C, i), j)$ .

## REFERENCES

- [1] Grzegorz Bancerek. The fundamental properties of natural numbers. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll1/nat\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll1/nat_1.html).
- [2] Grzegorz Bancerek and Krzysztof Hryniewiecki. Segments of natural numbers and finite sequences. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll1/finseq\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll1/finseq_1.html).
- [3] Czesław Byliński. Functions and their basic properties. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll1/funct\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll1/funct_1.html).
- [4] Czesław Byliński. Functions from a set to a set. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll1/funct\\_2.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll1/funct_2.html).
- [5] Czesław Byliński. Gauges. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 11, 1999. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Voll11/jordan8.html>.

- [6] Czesław Byliński and Piotr Rudnicki. Bounding boxes for compact sets in  $\mathbb{E}^2$ . *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 9, 1997. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol9/pscomp\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol9/pscomp_1.html).
- [7] Czesław Byliński and Mariusz Żynel. Cages - the external approximation of Jordan's curve. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 11, 1999. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol11/jordan9.html>.
- [8] Agata Darmochwał. Compact spaces. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/compts\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/compts_1.html).
- [9] Agata Darmochwał. The Euclidean space. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 3, 1991. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol3/euclid.html>.
- [10] Agata Darmochwał and Yatsuka Nakamura. The topological space  $\mathbb{E}_T^2$ . Arcs, line segments and special polygonal arcs. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 3, 1991. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol3/topreal11.html>.
- [11] Agata Darmochwał and Yatsuka Nakamura. The topological space  $\mathbb{E}_T^2$ . Simple closed curves. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 3, 1991. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol3/topreal12.html>.
- [12] Krzysztof Hryniewiecki. Basic properties of real numbers. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/real\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/real_1.html).
- [13] Katarzyna Jankowska. Matrices. Abelian group of matrices. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 3, 1991. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol3/matrix\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol3/matrix_1.html).
- [14] Artur Korniłowicz, Robert Milewski, Adam Naumowicz, and Andrzej Trybulec. Gauges and cages. Part I. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 12, 2000. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol12/jordanla.html>.
- [15] Jarosław Kotowicz and Yatsuka Nakamura. Introduction to Go-Board — part I. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 4, 1992. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol4/goboard1.html>.
- [16] Yatsuka Nakamura and Czesław Byliński. Extremal properties of vertices on special polygons, part I. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 6, 1994. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol6/sppol\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol6/sppol_1.html).
- [17] Yatsuka Nakamura and Andrzej Trybulec. Decomposing a Go-Board into cells. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 7, 1995. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol7/goboard5.html>.
- [18] Yatsuka Nakamura and Andrzej Trybulec. A decomposition of simple closed curves and the order of their points. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 9, 1997. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol9/jordan6.html>.
- [19] Yatsuka Nakamura, Andrzej Trybulec, and Czesław Byliński. Bounded domains and unbounded domains. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 11, 1999. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol11/jordan2c.html>.
- [20] Beata Padlewska. Connected spaces. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/connsp\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/connsp_1.html).
- [21] Beata Padlewska and Agata Darmochwał. Topological spaces and continuous functions. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/pre\\_topc.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/pre_topc.html).
- [22] Andrzej Trybulec. Tarski Grothendieck set theory. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, Axiomatics, 1989. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Axiomatics/tarski.html>.
- [23] Andrzej Trybulec. Left and right component of the complement of a special closed curve. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 7, 1995. <http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol7/goboard9.html>.
- [24] Andrzej Trybulec. On the decomposition of finite sequences. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 7, 1995. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol7/finseq\\_6.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol7/finseq_6.html).
- [25] Andrzej Trybulec and Yatsuka Nakamura. On the order on a special polygon. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 9, 1997. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol9/sprect\\_2.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol9/sprect_2.html).
- [26] Wojciech A. Trybulec. Pigeon hole principle. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 2, 1990. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol2/finseq\\_4.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol2/finseq_4.html).
- [27] Zinaida Trybulec. Properties of subsets. *Journal of Formalized Mathematics*, 1, 1989. [http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/subset\\_1.html](http://mizar.org/JFM/Vol1/subset_1.html).

Received March 1, 2002

Published January 2, 2004

---